Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

Product identifier

Product Name Raw Pyrolysis Gas

Synonyms Py Gas, Pyrolysis Gasoline, C5s/C5+, Aromatic Concentrate

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified use(s) Fuel, chemical reclamation

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Westlake Chemical OpCo LP

900 Highway 108 Sulphur, LA 70665 United States www.westlake.com

Telephone (General) 270-395-3151

Emergency telephone number

800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Section 2: Hazards Identification

United States (US)

According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012

 Flammable Liquids 3 - H226 Acute Toxicity Oral 4 - H302

Aspiration 1 - H304

Acute Toxicity Dermal 4 - H312

Skin Irritation 2 - H315 Eye Irritation 2 - H319

Acute Toxicity Inhalation 4 - H332

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation -

H335

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects - H336

Germ Cell Mutagenicity 1B - H340 Carcinogenicity 1A - H350 Reproductive Toxicity 2 - H361

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 1 - H372

Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012 Hazard

statements

DANGER







Flammable liquid and vapor - H226

Harmful if swallowed - H302

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways - H304

Harmful in contact with skin - H312

Causes skin irritation - H315

Causes serious eye irritation - H319

Harmful if inhaled - H332

May cause respiratory irritation - H335

May cause drowsiness or dizziness - H336

May cause genetic defects. - H340

May cause cancer. - H350

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. - H361

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. - H372

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

· Obtain special instructions before use. - P201

- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. -P202
- Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. No smoking. -P210
- · Keep container tightly closed. P233
- Ground and/or bond container and receiving equipment. P240
- Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. P241
- Use only non-sparking tools. P242
- Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P243
- Do not breathe mists, vapors, and/or spray. P260
- · Wash thoroughly after handling. P264
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P270
- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P271
- Wear protective gloves, clothing, and eye/face protection. P280

Response

- In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction. P370+P378
- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. - P304+P340
- Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P312
- · If on skin: Wash with plenty of water .
- Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P362
- Specific treatment, see supplemental first aid information. P321
- If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P332+P313
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P305+P351+P338
- If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313
- IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. - P301+P312
- Rinse mouth. P330
- Do NOT induce vomiting. P331
- IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P308+P313

Storage/ Disposal

- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P233
- Keep cool. P235
- Store locked up. P405
- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations. P501

Other hazards OSHA HCS 2012

• Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

Canada

According to: WHMIS

Preparation Date: 01/April/2015

Revision Date: 14/May/2015

Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS

· Compressed Gas - A Flammable Liquids - B2 Toxic - D1B Other Toxic Effects - D2A

Other Toxic Effects - D2B

Label elements **WHMIS**







• Flammable Liquids - B2 Toxic - D1B Other Toxic Effects - D2A Other Toxic Effects - D2B

Other hazards **WHMIS**

• In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substances

Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

Mixtures

Composition						
Chemical Name	Identifiers (CAS)	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive		
Benzene	71-43-2	38% TO 50%	Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >9400 μg/kg Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 930 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 10000 ppm 7 Hour(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Skin Irrit. 2; Muta. 1B; Carc. 1A; Asp. Tox. 1; STOT RE 1 (Blood and Bone marrow); Repr. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.; Acute Tox. 4 (orl)		
4,7- Methanoindene, 3a,4,7,7a- tetrahydro-	77-73-6	< 15%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 3; Skin Irrit, 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Acute Tox. 4 (orl); Acute Tox. 3 (inhl); STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit.;		
Toluene	108-88-3	8% TO 12%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 636 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 49 g/m³ 4 Hour(s) Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 14100 µL/kg	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 4 (orl); Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Muta. 1B; Repr. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT RE 1 (CNS, Inhl); Asp. Tox. 1		
1,3-Cyclopentadiene	542-92-7	0% TO 8%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 3; Acute Tox. 3 (skn); Acute Tox. 3 (orl);		
Isoprene	78-79-5	< 5%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 180 g/m³ 4 Hour(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 1; Carc. 2; Muta. 2; Repr. 2; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit. & Narc.;		
Ethenylbenzene	100-42-5	< 5%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 2650 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 11800 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 3; Acute Tox. 4 (inhl); Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Muta. 2 (Inhl); Carc. 2 (Inhl); Repr. 2 (Inhl); STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit. (Inhl); Asp. Tox. 1		
Cyclopentene	142-29-0	< 5%	Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 1.59 mL/kg Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 2.14 mL/kg	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 4 (orl, skn)		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	< 2%	Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >20 g/kg Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 490 mg/kg	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Sol. 2; Acute Tox. 4 (orl); Skin Irrit. 2; Muta. 2; Carc. 2; Repr. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT RE 1 (Blood, Eyes, Orl, Inhl)		
Methanol	67-56-1	< 2%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 64000 ppm 4 Hour(s) Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 15800 mg/kg Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5600 mg/kg	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 3; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Muta. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.		
1-Pentene	109-67-1	< 2%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 175000 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 1; STOT SE 3: Narc.		

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1,3-Pentadiene	504-60-9	< 2%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Asp. Tox. 1	
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	< 2%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 128000 ppm 4 Hour(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1; Press. Gas - Lig.; Carc. 1A; Muta. 1B;	
			Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5480 mg/kg	Cab Elq., Caro. 171, Wata. 12,	
			Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 3500 mg/kg	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam Lig 2: Eve Irrit 2:	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 1%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 55000 mg/m³ 2	osha HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Repr. 2.; Carc 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit.;	
	100-41-4	- 170	Hour(s)		
			Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >5000 mg/kg	or or ideal, illic.	

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

• Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Get medical attention.

Skin

 In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water. Do not remove clothing if adhering to skin. Wash the contaminated area of body with soap and fresh water. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

Eye

• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

• Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

• Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient.
 Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

· Use ABC dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

 Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

- Containers may explode when heated.
- · Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers.
- HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames.
- · Many liquids are lighter than water.
- Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).
- · Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

No data available

Advice for firefighters

- Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
- Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
- · Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
- LARGE FIRES: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions

 CAUTION: Victim may be a source of contamination. Do not walk through spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact.

Emergency Procedures

As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 300 meters (1000 feet) ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

Environmental precautions

• Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up Measures

- · Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
- Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.
- · Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.
- A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.
- All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.
- · LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
- LARGE SPILLS: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling

- Use only with adequate ventilation.
- Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.
- All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.
- Take precautionary measures against static charges.
- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact.
- Do not breathe mist, vapours and/or spray.
- Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.
- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

- · Keep container closed when not in use.
- Store away from oxidizing materials.
- Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated place away from heat and ignition sources.
- Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near the container.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines								
	Result	ACGIH	Canada Manitoba	NIOSH	OSHA			
1,3-Cyclopentadiene (542-92-7)	TWAs	75 ppm TWA	Not established	75 ppm TWA; 200 mg/m3 TWA	75 ppm TWA; 200 mg/m3 TWA			
Ethylbenzene	TWAs	20 ppm TWA	Not established	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA			
(100-41-4)	STELs	Not established	Not established	125 ppm STEL; 545 mg/m3 STEL	Not established			
	Designated Substance s	Not established	Present	Not established	Not established			
1,3-Butadiene (106-99-0)	STELs	Not established	Not established	Not established	5 ppm STEL (see 29 CFR 1910.1051)			
	TWAs	2 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established	1 ppm TWA (listed under Butadiene)			
Naphthalene	TWAs	10 ppm TWA	Not established	10 ppm TWA; 50 mg/m3 TWA	10 ppm TWA; 50 mg/m3 TWA			
(91-20-3)	STELs	15 ppm STEL	Not established	15 ppm STEL; 75 mg/m3 STEL	Not established			
Methanol	TWAs	200 ppm TWA	Not established	200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA			
(67-56-1)	STELs	250 ppm STEL	Not established	250 ppm STEL; 325 mg/m3 STEL	Not established			
	Ceilings	Not established	Not established	Not established	200 ppm Ceiling			
Ethenylbenzene (100-42-5)	TWAs	20 ppm TWA	Not established	50 ppm TWA; 215 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm TWA			
	STELs	40 ppm STEL	Not established	100 ppm STEL; 425 mg/m3 STEL	Not established			
	Ceilings	Not established	Not established	Not established	300 ppm Ceiling			
Toluene (108-88-3)	TWAs	20 ppm TWA	Not established	100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm TWA			
	STELs	Not established	Not established	150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL	Not established			
4,7-Methanoindene, 3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro- (77-73-6)	TWAs	5 ppm TWA	Not established	5 ppm TWA; 30 mg/m3 TWA	Not established			
(17 70 0)	Designated Substance s	Not established	Present	Not established	Not established			
	Ceilings	Not established	Not established	Not established	25 ppm Ceiling			
Benzene (71-43-2)	STELs	2.5 ppm STEL	Not established	1 ppm STEL	5 ppm STEL (see 29 CFR 1910.1028)			
(TWAs	0.5 ppm TWA	Not established	0.1 ppm TWA	10 ppm TWA (applies to industry segments exempt from the benzene standard at 29 CFR 1910.1028); 1 ppm TWA			

Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls

 Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory

 In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

Eye/Face • Wear safety goggles.

Skin/Body • Wear appropriate gloves.

Environmental Exposure Controls

 Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste. Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15 minute exposures TWA = Time Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description						
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Amber liquid with a solvent type odor.			
Color	Amber	Odor	Solvent			
Odor Threshold	NDA					
General Properties						
Boiling Point	114 F(45.6 C)	Melting Point	NDA			
Decomposition Temperature	NDA	рН	NDA			
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	0.82 to 0.86 Water=1	Water Solubility	0.7 % @ 72 F(22 C)			
Viscosity	NDA					
Volatility		-				
Vapor Pressure	75 mmHg (torr) @ 68 F(20 C)	Vapor Density	2.7 Air=1 Benzene			
Evaporation Rate	2.8 Ether = 1	Volatiles (Wt.)	99 % @ 360F (182C)			
Volatiles (Vol.)	99 % @ 360F (182C)					
Flammability	-	-	-			
Flash Point	80 F(26.7 C)	UEL	11 %			
LEL	2.2 %	Autoignition	1076 F(580 C)			
Flammability (solid, gas)	NDA					
Environmental						
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	NDA					

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

· No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

• Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

· Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

· Heat, sparks, open flame.

Incompatible materials

Reacts with chlorine, ozone, perchloryl fluoride, liquid oxygen and other strong oxidizing agents such as hydrogen peroxide, permanganates and perchlorates. Depending upon the amount and specific materials involved, contact can result in intense heat, boiling, flame development, explosion or toxic gas generation. Spontaneous combustion may occur in contact with sodium peroxide or potassium peroxide.

Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and small amounts of aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

Component Name	CAS	Data
Butane (< 5%)	106-97-8	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 658 g/m³ 4 Hour(s)
Benzene (38% TO 50%) 71-43-2		Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 1800 mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 10000 ppm 7 Hour(s); Irritation: Eye-Rabbit • 2 mg 24 Hour(s) • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 15 mg 24 Hour(s)-Open • Mild irritation; Mutagen: Sister chromatid exchange • Inhalation-Mouse • 10 ppm 6 Hour(s); Reproductive: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 50 ppm 24 Hour(s)(7-14D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Extra embryonic structures; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); Tumorigen / Carcinogen: Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 52 g/kg 52 Week(s)-Intermittent; Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Endocrine:Tumors; Blood:Leukemia
Toluene (8% TO 12%)	108-88-3	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 636 mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 49 g/m³ 4 Hour(s); Inhalation-Human TCLo • 1500 mg/m³ 8 Hour(s); Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Lacrimation; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Conjunctive irritation; Behavioral:Ataxia; Inhalation-Human TCLo • 200 ppm; Brain and Coverings:Recordings from specific areas of CNS; Behavioral:Antipsychotic; Blood:Changes in bone marrow not included above; Inhalation- Man TCLo • 50 ppm; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Other changes in urine composition; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 14100 µL/kg; Irritation: Eye-Rabbit • 2 mg 24 Hour(s) • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 20 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 250 ppm 4 Day(s)-Continuous; Behavioral:Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold; Behavioral:Abuse; Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 50 ppm 12 Week(s)- Intermittent; Brain and Coverings:Other degenerative changes; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 10 ppm 6 Hour(s) 13 Week(s)-Intermittent; Brain and Coverings:Other degenerative changes; Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue levels:Multiple enzyme effects; Mutagen: Micronucleus test • Ingestion/Oral-Mouse • 200 mg/kg; Sister chromatid exchange • Inhalation-Human • 252 µg/L 19 Year(s); Cytogenetic analysis • Inhalation-Rat • 5400 µg/m³ 16 Week(s)-Intermittent; Reproductive: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 500 mg/m³ 24 Hour(s)(6-13D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 200 ppm 7 Hour(s)(7-16D preg); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Urogenital system
Ethenylbenzene (< 5%)	100-42-5	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 2650 mg/kg; Behavioral:Somnolence (general depressed activity); Liver:Other changes; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 11800 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s); Irritation: Eye-Rabbit • 100 mg • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 100 % • Moderate irritation; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 300 ppm 6 Hour(s) 2 Week(s)-Intermittent; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Structural or functional change in trachea or bronchi; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes; Liver:Other changes; Mutagen: DNA adduct • Inhalation-Human • 107.4 μg/L 4 Year(s)-Intermittent; Sister chromatid exchange • Inhalation-Human • 1204 mg/m³ 5 Year(s)-Intermittent; Sister chromatid exchange • Inhalation-Mouse • 125 ppm 4 Day(s)-Intermittent; Micronucleus test • Inhalation-Mouse • 1500 mg/m³ 7 Day(s)-Intermittent; DNA adduct • Inhalation-Mouse • 600 μg/L 10 Day(s)-Intermittent; Reproductive: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1500 μg/m³ 24 Hour(s)(1-22D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); Reproductive Effects:Effects on

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		Embryo or Fetus:Fetal death; Tumorigen / Carcinogen: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 100 ppm 4 Hour(s) 5 Day(s)-Intermittent;
		Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Skin and Appendages:Other:Tumors; Blood:Leukemia
4,7-Methanoindene, 3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro- (< 15%)	77-73-6	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 353 mg/kg; Behavioral:Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold; Behavioral:Muscle weakness; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 660 ppm 4 Hour(s); Behavioral:Somnolence (general depressed activity); Behavioral:Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold; Behavioral:Changes in motor activity (specific assay); Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 5080 mg/kg; Behavioral:Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold; Behavioral:Muscle weakness; Irritation: Skin-Rabbit • 9300 µg 24 Hour(s)-Open • Severe irritation; Multi-dose Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDL0 • 1120 mg/kg 28 Day(s)-Intermittent; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Changes in bladder weight; Blood:Changes in serum composition (e.g., TP, bilirubin cholesterol); Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue levels:Transaminases
1,3-Butadiene (< 2%)	106-99-0	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5480 mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 128000 ppm 4 Hour(s); Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 1250 ppm 6 Hour(s) 6 Week(s)-Intermittent; Blood:Normocytic anemia; Blood:Changes in bone marrow not included above; Blood:Changes in erythrocyte (RBC) count; Mutagen: Inhalation-Mouse • 130 ppm 5 Day(s) 6 Hour(s)-Continuous; Heritable Translocation Test • Inhalation-Mouse • 500 ppm 6 Hour(s) 5 Day(s)-Continuous; Specific locus test • Inhalation-Mouse • 1250 ppm 2 Week(s)-Intermittent; Specific locus test • Inhalation-Mouse • 20 ppm 6 Hour(s) 4 Week(s); Reproductive: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 1000 ppm 6 Hour(s)(6-15D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Post-implantation mortality; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Extra embryonic structures; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); Tumorigen / Carcinogen: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 540.75 mg/kg 103 Week(s)-Intermittent; Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Liver:Tumors; Blood:Lymphoma, including Hodgkin's disease Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 175000 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s);
1-Pentene (< 2%)	109-67-1	Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Rabbit TCLo • 150 mg/m³ 7 Hour(s) 20 Day(s)-Intermittent; Peripheral Nerve and Sensation:Paresthesis; Blood:Changes in leucocyte (WBC) count
1,3-Cyclopentadiene (0% TO 8%)	542-92-7	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 113 mg/kg; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 430 mg/kg; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 350 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s) 26 Week(s)-Intermittent; Blood:Normocytic anemia; Blood:Changes in erythrocyte (RBC) count
Cyclopentene (< 5%)	142-29-0	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 2.14 mL/kg; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 1.59 mL/kg
1,3-Pentadiene (< 2%)	504-60-9	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 97200 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s); Behavioral:Somnolence (general depressed activity); Behavioral:Ataxia; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea
Isoprene (< 5%)	78-79-5	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 129000 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s); Inhalation-Rabbit TCLo • 750 mg/m³ 40 Minute(s); Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 0.3 g/m³ 61 Day(s)-Intermittent; Liver:Liver function tests impaired; Mutagen: Micronucleus test • Inhalation-Mouse • 438 ppm 6 Hour(s) 12 Day(s)-Continuous; Sister chromatid exchange • Inhalation-Mouse • 438 ppm 6 Hour(s) 12 Day(s)-Continuous; Reproductive: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 7000 ppm (6-17D preg); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Craniofacial (including nose and tongue); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system; Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Urogenital system; Tumorigen / Carcinogen: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 7000 ppm 6 Hour(s) 26 Week(s)-Intermittent; Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Tumors; Liver:Tumors
Naphthalene (< 2%)	91-20-3	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 490 mg/kg; Ingestion/Oral-Mouse TDLo • 158 mg/kg; Brain and Coverings:Other degenerative changes; Liver:Other changes; Biochemical:Metabolism (intermediary):Lipids, including transport; Inhalation-Human TCLo • 250 mg/m³; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Lacrimation; Behavioral:Headache; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >20 g/kg; Irritation: Skin-Rabbit • 0.05 mL 24 Hour(s) • Severe irritation; Multi-dose Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 500 mg/kg 10 Day(s)-Intermittent; Behavioral:Sleep; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea; Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 4500 mg/kg 10 Day(s)-Intermittent; Brain and Coverings:Other degenerative changes; Mutagen: Micronucleus test • Unreported Route-Human • Lymphocyte (Somatic cell) • 30 mg/L; Reproductive: Ingestion/Oral-Mouse TDLo • 2400 mg/kg (7-14D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Newborn:Live birth index; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Newborn:Viability index (e.g., # alive at day 4 per # born alive); Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 4500 mg/kg (6-15D preg); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Other developmental abnormalities; Tumorigen/Carcinogen: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1575 mg/kg 105 Week(s)-Intermittent; Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Olfaction:Tumors; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 30 ppm 6 Hour(s) 105 Week(s)-Intermittent; Tumorigenic:Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Olfaction:Tumors; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 60 ppm 6 Hour(s) 105 Week(s)-Intermittent; Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Olfaction:Tumors
Ethylbenzene (< 1%)	100-41-4	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 3500 mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 55000 mg/m³ 2 Hour(s); Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 17800 μL/kg;

Raw Pyrolysis Gas	
	Irritation: Skin-Rabbit • 15 mg 24 Hour(s)-Open • Mild irritation;
	Reproductive: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1000 ppm (6H/6-20D preg); Reproductive Effects:Specific
	Developmental Abnormalities: Other developmental abnormalities; Reproductive Effects: Specific
	Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system;
	Tumorigen / Carcinogen: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 750 ppm 1 Week(s)-Intermittent;
	Tumorigenic: Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder. Kidney
	tumors: Tumorigenic Increased incidence of tumors in susceptible strains

GHS Properties	Classification		
Acute toxicity	OSHA HCS 2012•Acute Toxicity - Dermal 4 - ATEmix (dermal) = 1565 mg/kg; Acute Toxicity - Inhalation 4 - ATEmix (inhl) = 3035 ppmV; Acute Toxicity - Oral 4 - ATEmix (oral) = 547 mg/kg		
Aspiration Hazard	OSHA HCS 2012•Aspiration 1		
Carcinogenicity	OSHA HCS 2012•Carcinogenicity 1A		
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	OSHA HCS 2012•Germ Cell Mutagenicity 1B		
Skin corrosion/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012•Skin Irritation 2		
Skin sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012•NDA		
STOT-RE	OSHA HCS 2012•Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 1		
STOT-SE	OSHA HCS 2012•Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects; Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation		
Toxicity for Reproduction	OSHA HCS 2012•Toxic to Reproduction 2		
Respiratory sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012•NDA		
Serious eye damage/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012•Eye Irritation 2		

Potential Health Effects Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

- Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may include dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, coma and death.
- **Chronic (Delayed)**
- Skin

Acute (Immediate) Chronic (Delayed)

- NDA
- · Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
- NDA

Eye

Acute (Immediate) Chronic (Delayed)

- · Causes serious eye irritation.
- NDA

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

- Harmful if swallowed. Material may be aspirated into lungs during ingestion and/or subsequent vomiting. Aspiration of this material will cause severe lung injury, chemical pneumonitis, pulmonary edema or death.
- NDA

Other

Chronic (Delayed)

Chronic exposure to benzene results primarily in hematotoxicity, including aplastic
anemia, pancytopenia, or any combination of anemia, leukopenia, and
thrombocytopenia. Toluene causes CNS narcosis; mild, transient irritation of the
upper respiratory tract; hilarity; nausea; nasal discharge; drowsiness; ataxia;
dizziness; cerebellar ataxia; cognitive dysfunction; metallic taste; loss of appetite;
weakness; and palpitations. High concentrations are associated with CNS
encephalopathy, headache, depression, and lassitude. Naphthalene may cause
damage to the eyes through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Mutagenic Effects

· Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenic Effects

• Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause cancer.

Carcinogenic Effects							
	NTP						
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Not Listed	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Not Listed			
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	Specifically Regulated Carcinogen	Group 1-Carcinogenic	Known Human Carcinogen			
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Not Listed	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen			
Benzene	71-43-2	Specifically Regulated Carcinogen	Group 1-Carcinogenic	Known Human Carcinogen			
Ethenylbenzene	100-42-5	Not Listed	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen			
Isoprene	78-79-5	Not Listed	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen			

Reproductive Effects

 Multiple physical deformities, with signs similar to fetal alcohol syndrome, microencephaly, CNS dysfunction, and variable growth deficiencies, have occurred in infants born to mothers who abused toluene during pregnancy.

Key to abbreviations

LD = Lethal Dose

LC = Lethal Concentration

TC = Toxic Concentration

TD = Toxic Dose

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Toxicity

NDA

Persistence and degradability

NDA

Bioaccumulative potential

NDA

Mobility in Soil

NDA

Other adverse effects

NDA

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product waste

• Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Format: GHS Language: English (US) WHMIS, OSHA HCS 2012

Section 14 - Transport Information

	UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	UN1993	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (contains 46% Benzene, 11% Toluene)	3	III	NDA
TDG	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains 46% Benzene, 11% Toluene)	3	III	NDA
IMO/ IMDG	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains 46% Benzene, 11% Toluene)	3	III	NDA
IATA/ ICAO	UN1993	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (contains 46% Benzene, 11% Toluene)	3	III	NDA

Special precautions for user

None specified

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

NDA

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications

· Acute, Chronic, Fire

Inventories

• These products comply with the following inventories:

Canada DSL/NDSL USA TSCA

CERCLA

• In the event of a spill, the end user should verify whether reporting is required under local, state, and/or federal regulations.

WHIMS Classification

- The following components have classifications
 - 1,3-Butadiene (CAS 106-99-0) is classified as A, B1, D2A, F
 - o Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) is classified as B4, D2A
 - o Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) is classified as B2, D2A, D2B
 - o Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) is classified as B2, D1B, D2A, D2B (including 28%)
 - Ethenylbenzene (CAS 100-42-5) is classified as B2, D2A
 - o Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) is classified as B2, D2A, D2B
 - o Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) is classified as B2, D2A, D2B
 - o Cyclopentene (CAS 142-29-0) is classified as B2, D2B
 - o 4,7-Methanoindene, 3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro- (CAS 77-73-6) is classified as D1B. D2B
 - 1,3-Cyclopentadiene (CAS 542-92-7) is classified as F

Section 16 - Other Information

Last Revision Date

15/May/2015

Preparation Date

01/April/2015

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

It is your responsibility to determine that our product is safe, lawful, and technically suitable for your intended uses. This safety data sheet cannot cover all possible situations which the user may experience during processing. Each aspect of the user's operation should be examined to determine if, or where, additional precautions may be necessary. All health and safety information contained in this safety data sheet should be provided to employees and/or customers. Westlake Chemical OpCo LP must rely on the user to use this information to develop appropriate work practice guidelines and employee instructional programs specific to the user's operation.

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The information in this sheet is valid for cited regulations published as of the date this document was prepared, as shown herein. Updates may be prepared as the regulations are amended or pending revised information about the product. It is the customer's responsibility to seek updated regulatory information on any specific product.

NDA = No data available